

How does your garden grow? - Can plants live in the dark?

Overview – History focus

We are learning about some of the significant individuals from the past.

Helen Keller was born in 1880 in Alabama, USA. Two years later she became ill. This illness left her blind and deaf.

Learning - Helen met a teacher named Anne Sullivan. Anne helped to teach Helen how to finger spell, spelling words on her hand and taught her how to speak.

Later Life - Helen graduated from college when she was 24. She was the first deaf and blind person to achieve a college degree. Helen left college and wanted to help others. She helped to raise money to help blind people. She was given many awards to show how hard she had worked in her life. She worked with many charities and made a huge impact in the world.

Humphrey Repton - Humphry Repton, lived over 200 years ago. When he was young he wasn't sure what he wanted to do for a job, but then he had the amazing idea of designing new gardens for people. These were much bigger and fancier than the kind of gardens most people have today – he designed gardens for wealthy people who had big houses with a lot of land around them. He used to design these gardens in Red Books to make them look special. He designed and created the gardens at Sheringham Park for the Upcher Family in 1812. He also enjoyed painting and 'Lady's Cottage in the Great Wood' at Blickling Hall in 1780. He died on 24th March 1818, and he is buried at St Michaels Church Aylsham.

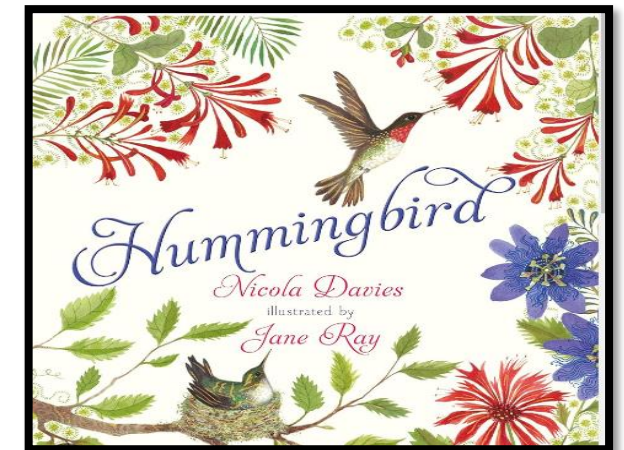


English

Hummingbird - By Nicola Davies and illustrated by Jane Ray

Books help us to talk and write.

- What is the story about?
- Who were the main characters?
- What did you like?
- What didn't you like?
- What surprised you?
- What puzzled you?

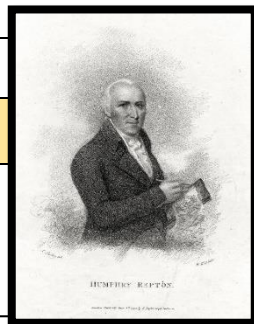


Science - Plants

Key Vocab

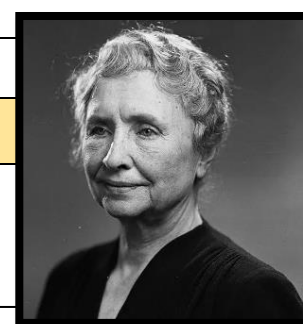
Wild plants	A wild plant seed grows where it falls. It doesn't need to be planted or cared for as it grows.
Garden plants	Garden plants are plants that people choose to grow in their gardens.
Weed	Weeds are wild plants that grow in places where people don't want them.
Deciduous	A deciduous tree loses its leaves each year.
Evergreen	An evergreen tree keeps its green leaves all year round, even in the winter.
Roots	Roots take in water and nutrients from the soil and keep the plant in the ground.
Stem	The stem holds the plant up and carries the water and nutrients from the roots to the leaves and flowers .
Leaves	Leaves catch sunlight to help the plant to make its own food.
Flowers	Flowers attract insects and birds.
Petals	Petals are the colourful part of the flower.
Seed	Seeds grow into new plants.
Bulbs	Bulbs grow into new plants.
Fruit	Fruit contains the plant's seeds .

History – key facts



Humphrey Repton

Born – 21st April 1752
Painted - 'Lady's Cottage in the Great Wood' at Blickling Hall in 1780
Became: A Landscape Designer at age 36 in 1788 – he designed and created the gardens at Sheringham Park for the Upcher Family in 1812
Died - 24 March 1818



Helen Keller

Born - 27th June 1880
1882 - contracts scarlet fever or meningitis and becomes deaf and blind at the age of 19 months.
1887 - Anne Sullivan begins teaching Helen.
1900 - Helen goes to Radcliffe College (now part of Harvard University).
1903 - Helen writes her first book, 'The Story of My Life'
1904 – Graduates and is the first person who is deafblind to earn a college degree.
1918 – Helen helps to make Braille single writing system.
1943 - Visits and helps wounded and blinded war soldier in hospitals.
1946 - Begins a series of world tours that took her to 35 countries in 11 years.
Died - 1st June 1968, aged 87

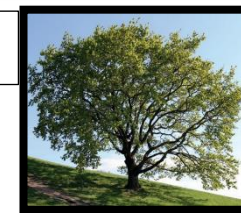
Wild plants



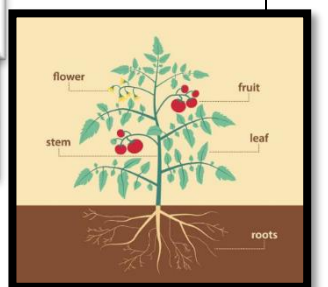
Garden plants



Deciduous tree



Evergreen tree



1752 Humphry Repton was born.

1780 Humphry Repton painted 'Lady's Cottage'

1788 Humphry Repton became a landscape designer.

1818 Humphry Repton died

Timeline